# **Know Your Rights**

#### Interactions with Law Enforcement, DACA, and Family Preparedness





# Agenda

- 1. Interactions with ICE and Law Enforcement
- 2. Preparedness Planning What Can We Do Now?

### 3. Questions

All people in the U.S. have Constitutional Rights and protections.

You are not alone.

## What should I do if I'm stopped by ICE?

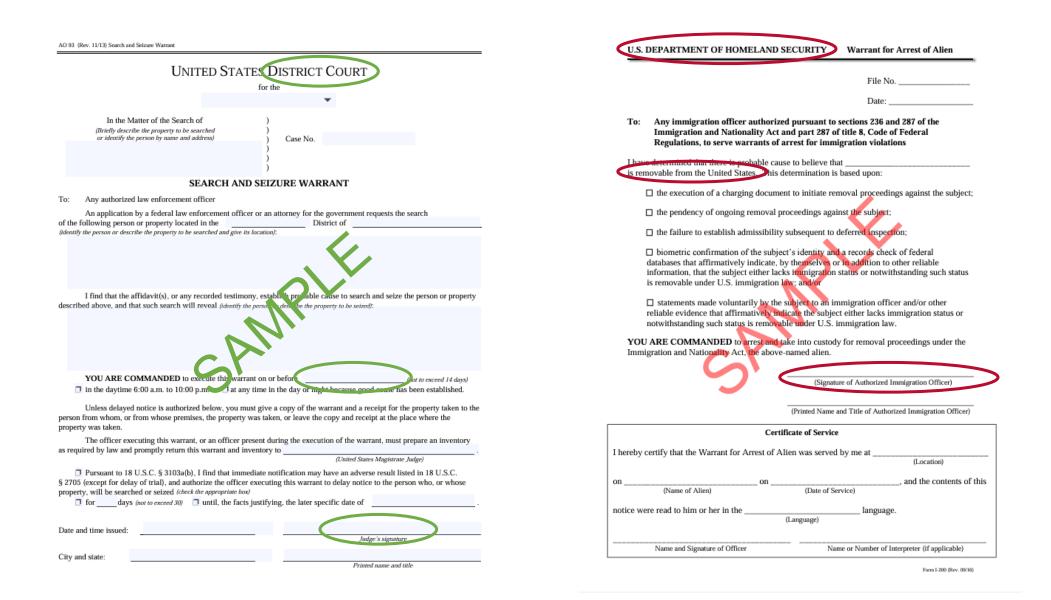
#### At Home

- Without a **<u>search warrant</u>** signed by a **judge**, ICE does not have a right to enter your home.
- If ICE knocks, ask them to slide "a search warrant signed by a judge" under the door or show you one. Look for:
  - ✓ Correct Name
    ✓ Correct Address
    ✓ Judge's signature (NOT immigration officer's)
- No warrant, no entry. "I do not give you permission to enter, based on my 4<sup>th</sup> Amendment right."

#### In Public Spaces

- Same rules apply. ICE cannot search your belongings without a warrant unless they have probable cause.
- If ICE approaches you, <u>stay calm</u> and ask, "Am I free to leave?"
- If they ask to search your belongings, you can say, "I do not consent to a search, based on my 4<sup>th</sup> Amendment rights."

4<sup>th</sup> Amendment: No Unlawful Searches



## What should I do if I'm stopped by ICE?

You have the right to remain silent.

If ICE asks you immigration questions, you <u>do not have to answer</u>.

5<sup>th</sup> Amendment: Right to Remain Silent

- In Colorado, if you are stopped by law enforcement, you should state your name, but you do not need to identify your immigration status. (C.R.S. 16-3-102 ("A peace officer may stop any person who he reasonably suspects is . . . about to commit a crime and may require him to give his name and address, identification if available, and an explanation of his actions."))
- You can ask, "Am I free to go?"
- You can say, "I'm exercising my right to be silent."

6<sup>th</sup> Amendment: Right to Counsel

- You have the right to seek legal advice.
  - If ICE asks you questions, you can tell them you do not wish to answer without talking to a lawyer.
- **DO NOT** sign anything without talking to your lawyer.

## What should I do if I'm stopped by ICE?



- Ask for a search warrant signed by a judge. No warrant, no entry.
- Do not share any information, except your name.
- Do not sign any documents without talking to a lawyer.



- If stopped, ask, "Am I free to leave?"
- Do not share any information, except your name.
- Do not sign any documents without talking to a lawyer.
- Do not permit search of your belongings without a search warrant.



- You can be required to show your license, registration, and proof of insurance.
  - Carry your work permit or green card, if you have one, but <u>not</u> foreign documents.
- Do not answer immigration questions.
- Do not sign any documents without talking to a lawyer.



- If you're at a border (e.g., DIA), you may encounter a customs officer, who <u>can</u> ask you about your immigration status.
- Context depends on your legal status. If you are an LPR, show your green card. If you have a visa, show your visa.

## **Remember: ICE Should NOT...**

Under Colorado law, ICE cannot make arrests in or around courthouses or when someone is on their way to or from court.

... have gotten your info from the DMV.

be at

**Courthouses.** 

- State agencies (including probation officers) cannot share personal identifying information with ICE unless ICE provides a warrant or subpoena.
- All Coloradans, regardless of immigration status, can get a license.

... rely on the state to detain people.

- Police departments cannot hold someone for ICE beyond their scheduled release date.
- Colorado police cannot arrest someone based solely on their immigration status.

## What if I, or someone I know, is picked up?



You are entitled to a **hearing** before an immigration judge before you can be deported. You are **<u>not</u>** entitled to a free lawyer, but can contact a lawyer of your choosing.



A person could be **<u>detained</u>** while waiting for their immigration court hearing. Many people are eligible for <u>**release**</u> on bond. Contact a <u>**lawyer**</u> to help.

**CAUTION!** Some state-court convictions can carry immigration consequences. <u>**Do not**</u> take a plea bargain without talking to an attorney who knows the immigration law.

## **Preparedness Planning: Finding Loved Ones**

### **ICE Detainee Locator:**

https://locator.ice.gov/odls/homepage.do

### **ICE Denver Field Office:**

(720) 873-2899

### **EOIR Hotline:**

1-800-898-7180

## **Preparedness Planning**

### **Preparedness Checklist**

- Memorize key phone numbers
  - □ Family
  - □ Friends
  - Attorneys / Community Organizations
- Keep important documents <u>safe</u>, but make sure a friend or family member knows how to access them.
  - Birth Certificates / Passports
  - Immigration Paperwork
  - Medical Records
  - Lease Agreements / Mortgage Documents
- If you have children, consider assigning a trusted individual to care for them if you are unable to. Options incl. guardianship, power of att'y.
- Consider contacting an attorney to discuss immigration options.

#### GUIDE TO CREATING A FAMILY PREPAREDNESS PLAN

Regardless of immigration status, every family should have a Family Preparedness Plan to protect your children, finances and home.



While our hope is that you never have to use your plan, in a time of elevated immigration enforcement and risk, it is good practice to have a plan like this.

#### Know Your Rights

Everybody – both documented and undocumented – has a set of basic rights under the U.S. Constitution. You have the right to remain silent, speak with an attorney, and deny any ICE or law enforcement officer entry into your home, unless they have a *valid* warrant with your correct name and address on it.





etc

#### Step 1: Make a Child Care Plan

- Find a responsible person that you trust and that your child knows and is comfortable around. Ideally, this will be someone with lawful immigration status.
- Make sure this person knows they will be listed as an emergency contact and knows how to access all of your important documents and information.
- Memorize and have your child memorize this person's phone number.

#### Step 2: Put a Child Care Plan in Place

- Once you have identified and come to an agreement with the person who would care for your child, begin to put a plan in place.
- Create a legal arrangement for your child to be taken care of by your designated caregiver, in case you are no longer able to.

#### Step 3: Create a file of Important Documents

 Gather important documents that your designated caregiver would need to care for your child in your absence. This includes documents about your child's school, medical history, and contact information. (See the "Important Documents" list below)



Produced with information from the Immigration Legal Resource Center (ILRC): <u>bit.ly/4f0jlP6</u> and the Tennessee Immigrant & Refugee Rights Coalition: <u>bit.ly/4fXxuNB</u>

## **Preparedness Planning: Reporting ICE**

### **Colorado Rapid Response Network:**

1-844-864-8341

### **United We Dream Hotline to Report a Raid:**

1-844-363-1423

### **Questions?**

### **Contact Us**

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